

Post-Crisis Nation-Building Strategies in the World of Flux

Kriengsak Chareonwongsak

Senior fellow, Harvard University, Chairman of Nation-Building International Institute (NBII)

ABSTRACT

In post-crises periods, the world undergoes significant changes across five dimensions, known as the "5 Musketeers of S": Scale (changes in size, quantity, intensity, and mass), Scope (changes in scope, issues, and sectors), Speed (changes in time, velocity, and acceleration), Sphere (changes in space and position), and Strength (changes in depth, substance, and quality). These dimensions give rise to at least fourteen sub-characteristics, referred to as the "Flux Model," which include Abruptibility, Disruptibility, Dynamicity, Unpredictability, Indefinability, Complexity, Non-Linearity, Coveragability, Massivity, Satiability, Saturatibility, Intangibility, Subliminality, and Comprehensibility. Nation-building in the post-crisis era faces numerous challenges stemming from this world of flux. To address these challenges, effective nation-building requires a multifaceted strategy. Firstly, Ideology and Vision-Based Strategy: Balancing stability and adaptability amidst rapid changes. Secondly, Knowledge-Based Strategy: Prioritizing a learning nation approach for transformation. Thirdly, Niche-Based Strategy: Developing competitive advantages in specialized industries. Fourthly, Security-Based Strategy: Navigating a world marked by declining liberalism, increasing nationalism, and rising protectionism, by fostering self-reliance. Fifthly, Collaboration-Based Strategy: Addressing diverse crises through enhanced cooperation among stakeholders to manage risks effectively. This strategy aims to ensure readiness for a resilient and prosperous future.

Keywords: World of Flux, Nation-Building, Strategy, Post-Crisis, Ideology